

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA. FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1884.

NO. 86.

VCL. 21.

FACTS OF INTEREST.

The Louisiana Legislature has appropriated \$100,000 in aid of the World's Exposition at New Orleans.

A school of codfish one mile long and containing 120,000,000 fish will eat \$40,000,000 herring in one week.

A cattle king says that within ten years Omaha will be the cattle centre of the country. An abattoir is now being built there which will cover 400 acres, and will cost \$750,000.

There is a fortune in so small a thing as a device for fastening a necktie. One of the patents in that line has just been sold to a company for \$1,000,000 in cash and royalties that may amount to as much more.

During this month, a "lightning" train will commence to run between Paris, Berlin and St. Petersburg. It is to consist of two vans, a restaurant, a saloon and a sleeping-car, which last contains a bathroom.

Elder Smoot, a Mormon missionary, has been expelled from Bavaria by order of the Minister of State. Smoot had succeeded in making numerous converts whom he was preparing to send to Utah, but his plan has been broken up for the present.

A French physician has written a book in opposition to ear-rings, asserting that the wearing of those ornaments often cut the delicate textures of the ear, making them bleed, often ulcerating, and invariably elongating them to a size Dame Nature never intended.

During 1881, 28 dogs, 83 cats, 567 chipmunks, 567 black mice, 1,298 rats, 28 snakes, 5 muskrats and 15 moles were caught in Greenwood Cemetery by a man employed there as trapper. He is thinning the moles out, and they were the most destructive of the many animal pests with which Greenwood abounded.

A Connecticut paper relates this as one of the oddest effects of the recent drought reported from Stamford: "A church organ there is blown by water-power. The other day at a wedding the supply gave out in the middle of the wedding march, and the music squeaked itself away into silence while the bridal procession was moving up the aisle."

Lovers of salad need no fear that the supply of olive oil will diminish to any alarming extent. According to the Druggists there are now eighty-five mills in operation in the South for the manufacture of cotton-seed oil, and during the past season about 500,000 tons of the seed were crushed, giving a product of over 250,000 barrels of that convenient adulterant.

Bismarck's latest plan for disarming opponents is to give them a splendid breakfast, at which the best of lager beer brewed in a Munich monastery and choice champagne prevailed simultaneously to wash down choice viands and political animosities. The subscription of the fruhlschoppen, as it is called, for the soiree is adopted because the doctors have forbidden Bismarck to keep late hours.

At a recent meeting of the Berlin Medical Society photographs were shown by Professor Virchow of the gigantic plane-tree in the Island of Cos, under which Hippocrates is said by tradition to have held medical consultations. The tree stands in the marketplace of the town of Cos, on the east side of the island, and the branches, which spread over nearly the whole of the market-place, are supported by marble pillars.

Meissonier's models receive princely though they earn their money hardly enough. They are liable to six hours at a stretch, almost without a change of position, and in attitudes which often are the reverse of comfortable. "The Quarrel" contains five figures, each of which is a marvel of anatomical draughtsmanship. Meissonier took seventeen sketches of it before he put brush to canvas. Fancy a dispute in which the would-be combatants try to get at each other, while two friends on one side and one on the other endeavor to separate them. And the five models stood in this attitude for three hours each day for sixty consecutive days. "They were better off still than the fellow who shammed death beneath a real dead horse, on a Winter's day, when the snow lay a foot deep in my garden," said Meissonier. No doubt they were.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. J. J. MOORE,

DENTAL SURGEON,
Office at Dr. Waggoner's residence, opposite
the Depot Hotel.

Makes a specialty of filling and extracting
teeth. Save your natural teeth by having
them filled IN TIME.

A. DAWSON, M. D.

OFFICE: IN SUNDERLAND'S BUILDING,
Rooms and 4
Residence on West Street between Commercial
Row and Second Street.

F. R. WAGGONER, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Residence and Office—North side of C. P.
railroad track opposite Depot Hotel.

W. BERGMAN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Reno, Washoe Co., Nev.

OFFICE—Second street, next door to JOURNAL
Building.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVENTIONS OF RENO
CHAPTER NO. 7, R. A. M., are held at Ma-
sonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday
of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp.
All sojourning companions in good standing
are cordially invited to attend. By order of
the E. H. P. W. L. BECHTEL, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, No. 1:
Independent Order of Odd Fellows
meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over
Main street, between Virginia and
Second street, at 8 o'clock. A punctual attendance
of members is requested. All visiting members
good standing, are cordially invited to attend.
W. S. SANDERS, N. G.

W. L. BROUER, Secretary.

I. O. C. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, IN-
dependent Order of Odd Fellows
meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over
the Congregational Church, every
Thursday evening. A punctual attendance
is requested. All visiting members
good standing, are cordially invited to attend.
L. E. WAINLY, N. G.

W. L. BROUER, Secretary.

THE PIONEER BLACKSMITH

And Wagon Shop.

Corner Sierra Street and the Plaza, Reno, Nev.

J. L. McFARLIN, Proprietor.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN RENO
and the best prepared to all kinds of
blacksmithing, painting and finishing
of wagons, carriages, and agricultural im-
plements, etc., in first-class style and at prices
to suit the present hard times. Orders for
sawing, turning and planing, will receive
prompt attention. Farming implements and
machinery of all kinds a specialty, and all Ex-
tremely promptly furnished on application.

WAGONS BUGGIES AND EXCELSIOR CARTS MADE TO ORDER.

My facilities for doing all kinds of work in
my shop are superior to any in the State
J. L. McFARLIN.

S. J. HODGKINSON & CO.

Fine Brands of Cigars.

Fresh Drugs, Druggists' Sundries,
TOILET ARTICLES, PERIODICS, ETC.

VIRGINIA ST. RENO.

DRUGGISTS.

T. K. HYMERS,

(Successor to Hymers & Comstock), proprietor

of the

TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES

Cor. Sierra and Second Sts., Reno, Nev.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

TO LET

And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

We have also attached a large Hay Yard

with good Stables. Also corrals for loose stock, well w tered.

HEARSE TO LET.

SACRAMENTO AND BOCA

BEER DEPOT

In the Steele and Becker building,
COMMERCIAL ROW,.....RENO, NEVADA

Beer Sold by the Case, Kegs, Bottle or Glass.

Sandwiches Prepared with Cheese, Limberger,

Caviar Sardines, etc.

I also have several FINE FURNISHED

ROOMS TO LET by the day, week or month.

First Lunch daily. Beer delivered free of char

J. BECKER, Proprietor

FOR THE BEST

BEEF MUTTON, PORK, VEAL, SAUSAGE

etc., go to

HENRY RHUE'S MARKET.

Two doors East of the Masonic Building, on

Commercial Row, Reno.

By strict attention to business and fair treat-

ment. Mr. Rhue will endeavor to merit his

share of patronage. Meats delivered free of

charge.

See our next announcement

MISCELLANEOUS.

Depot Hotel.

At the Depot.....Reno, Nevada.

WILLIAM R. CHAMBERLAIN, Prop'r.

THIS House is situated beside the Railroad
track, and it is but a step from the building
to the cars of the C. P. R. R. on one side, and
those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRACTIONS OF A FIRST-CLASS
HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

All the

PASSENGER TRAINS STOP IN FRONT OF THE HOTEL

Offices of

Wells, Fargo & Co. and Western
Union Telegraph Co.

AND ALL THE RAILROAD OFFICES

Are in this Building.

WM. R. CHAMBERLAIN,
Proprietor.

MANHOOD

DR. ABERNETHY & CO.'S VITALIZER

By using the great
Vitalizer, the King
of all Restoratives

IT IS BEYOND A
DOUBT the most re-
liable, useful and per-
manent TONIC to the

reproductive organs of both sexes known. It acts directly upon the nervous system. It restores debilitated functions of the principal
organs of the body and especially the Nervous. It is a powerful, permanent and determined
tonic. It is an alternative and Aperient
of excellent quality. It relieves weakness
and pains in the kidneys; it prevents losses
from the system from ministerial causes; it
cures frontal headache, pimples on the face,
loss of memory, relaxed bowels, enlargement
of the prostate, constipation, sour stomach, diabetes,
and all uterine troubles. Those who have
failed to obtain a cure should immediately give
the VITALIZER a trial. The VITALIZER cures
all complicated cases. This is owing to a practical
experience of 30 years. Dr. A. & C. will
guarantee a permanent cure in every case
that comes under their treatment and personal
advice. Their results are from one to three months
to attain. If the great VITALIZER fails \$500
refunded. Call or write for our OBSERVATIONS
ON MANHOOD, which will enable the
subscriber to determine the value of the
VITALIZER GUIDE TO HEALTH, SENT FREE.

Address as above.

DR. LIEBIG'S Wonderful German Invigorator

Permanently prevents all Unnatural Losses

from the system, tones the nerves, strengthens

the muscles, checks the waste, invigorates the

whole system, and restores the afflicted to

Health and Happiness.

The reason so many cannot get cured of Sen-
timental Weakness, Loss of Manhood, etc., is owing to
a complication, called PROSTATORRHMEA
WITH HYPERPLASIA, which requires pecu-
liar treatment. Dr. Liebig's Invigorator is the
only positive cure for PROSTATORRHMEA, with
peculiar success. It is given in combination with
the VITALIZER, which is the best known Remedy
in the world.

It cures all the evil effects of

prostatorrhmia, etc., and removes all the
impurities through the system.

PRICE OF INVIGORATOR, \$2. Case of six
bottles, \$10. Sent to any address, covered
or fraction of 50 or over 50, cast at the last State
election for the Republican candidate for Judge
of the Supreme Court, to wit:

Churchill county.....1

Douglas county.....3

Elko county.....7

Esmeralda county.....7

Eureka county.....9

Humboldt county.....4

Lander county.....5

Lyon county.....3

Ormsby county.....6

Storey county.....16

Wasco county.....7

White Pine county.....3

Total.....77

RESOLVED, That the several Republican
County Committees of the State are hereby in-
structed to call a Primary Election of the peo-
ple of their respective counties on Saturday,
April 12, 1884, for the purpose of electing Dele-
gates to the State Convention on Saturday, April 26, 1884, and to call a Primary
Election of the people of their respective
counties on Saturday, August 23, 1884, for the
purpose of electing Delegates to the State Con-
vention to be held at Carson City, September
4, 1884; and Primary Elections to be carried
out in compliance with the laws of this State,
and the instructions of this Committee.

RESOLVED, That any county may elect Dele-
gates to the said State Convention on Saturday,
August 23, 1884, and to call a Primary
Election of the people of their respective
counties on Saturday, August 23, 1884, for the
purpose of electing Delegates to the State Con-
vention to be held at Carson City, September
4, 1884; and Primary Elections to be carried
out in compliance with the laws of this State,
and the instructions of this Committee.

RESOLVED, That the following test be re-
quired of each voter at the said Pri-
mary Election: "Are you a Republican? And
will you support the nominees of the Repub-
lican National Convention, and the Republican
State Convention?"

C. C. STEVENSON,
Chairman Republican State Central Committee
of Nevada.

F. C. LORD, Secretary.

DR. MINTIE,

(SPECIALIST AND GRADUATE.)

No. 11 Kearny St. San Francisco,

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. C. Powning Editor & Proprietor

FRIDAY..... JULY 11, 1864.

FOR PRESIDENT.

JAS. G. BLAINE,
OF MAINE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

JOHN A. LOGAN.
OF ILLINOIS.

An immense cattle ranch.

General McClellan, Brayton Ives, John C. Barron, Oliver Sumner, Teall and others have united in company to operate probably the largest cattle ranch in the world. It is in Grant county, N. M., and about forty miles from east to west and sixty from north to south, comprising about 1,500,000 acres of grazing land. There are now some 10,000 head of cattle on the range and it is intended to increase the herds to 80,000 cattle.

Crop Prospects Good.

The New York Commercial Bulletin sums up its review of the crop prospect as follows: The news from the grain regions almost everywhere continues of a most favorable character. In many sections the harvest is already under way, and the weather, as a rule, is all that could be wished to facilitate gathering the crops.

A Man Who Hates Butler.

A special from Kansas City of the 7th says: The Star to-morrow will publish an interview with Mrs. Mumford, widow of Mumford, of New Orleans, who was hanged by Ben Butler in 1862, and a statement from his son, who swears that he will kill Ben Butler if he runs for President.

They have had quite a tempest in a tea pot on the Moquahomos grant in San Joaquin county. The settlers having refused to obey the Sheriff's writ, the Stockton militia were called out, and after a forced march arrived on the scene to find about forty grangers sitting along in a row smoking cob pipes, who came up and shook hands with the "troops" in the most friendly manner, and declared that they would make no further resistance. It is gratifying to know that, unless some soldier accidentally shoots himself while handling his piece, the present conflict will lack the blood and courage of the famous Amador war, in which General Barnes so signalily distinguished himself.

The latest news received from the Convention was that it had adjourned until 8 o'clock last evening, at which the Committee on Platform was expected to report. As they have been a good deal of wrangling in the Committee which was probably carried into the Convention by reason of a minority report from Butler, it is not likely that any ballot was taken last night, certainly none had been taken up to the hour of our going to press.

The Board of Directors of the Central Pacific Railroad has been re-elected.

Tourists in Paris are generally delighted with the cheapness of the wine, but their satisfaction would be a good deal tempered if they always knew its ingredients. The following, it appears, is the recipe for wine for the Parisian market: "Pour into a cask a quantity of water, to which add potato juice, barley juice, sugar, yeast, vinegar, cream of tartar, violet roots, elder blossoms, bleaching liquid and glycerine. Vary the names of the wine according to the different proportions in which the ingredients are used."

There was a great deal of interest manifested yesterday in Carson as to the proceedings of the Chicago Convention of the Democrats. There was a difference of opinion as to the action of the Nevada delegation in supporting Stephen J. Field. Those who are opposed to Field and believe in the Butler movement or Thurman candidacy were very bitter. The news from the East was awaited with anxiety.—Carson Index 9th.

There is an evident feeling of discouragement among the Democrats. They find it quite impossible that the Chicago Convention will make any nomination or platform which will attract the labor class. Some hopes are entertained by different ones that the Convention, if it does nothing better, will nominate a man who will gather in the votes of enslaved labor. Curious reasoning.—Carson Index 9th.

In the French provinces a wife speaks of her husband as "monsieur," as if her particular "monsieur" were superior to all others. With the polite world of Paris, on the contrary, "my husband" is accepted as the proper phrase, with two exceptions—a very affectionate wife may speak of her husband by his Christian name, while after a certain age any other style except the surname with the prefix "monsieur" is a sign of "provincialism."

THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

Bayard, McDonald, Thurman, Carlisle, Butler, Cleveland
Fowler, Randall, Hoadley.

The Manner in Which the Names Were Presented to the Convention.

DELAWARE'S CHOICE.

A FERVID SPEECH IN EULOGY OF THOMAS P. BAYARD.

When the State of Delaware was called, there was an immediate outbreak of cheers. After the uproar had subsided, Mr. George Gray, of Delaware, came to the platform and addressed the Convention. He said he had been instructed to present the name of a man worthy to receive the nomination. He did so under the realizing sense of the great responsibility, relying upon the Convention to act so that the great opportunity which God himself, he reverently believed, had given them, should not pass away unimproved. The Republican nomination had flung defiance into the face of American manhood, and had shocked the conscience of the best men in that party. Such a nomination was a sign of the decadence of that great party, not a sign of increasing strength. The Democracy called for a candidate who had been tried in a balance and never found wanting. The Democracy demanded a statesman whose wisdom and experience was known. It demanded a leader whose chivalric courage would never falter, and who could and would bring to the dust the "Plumed Knight" of false pretense and of personal dishonesty. It demanded a man of private character which would defy the malignant tongue of slander. It demanded a man who should be, in his public and private character, the very antithesis and opposite of the nominee of the Republican party. The man who was thus and more, and whose name was now leaping from their hearts to their mouths, was Thomas P. Bayard. [Loud cheers.] Mr. Bayard as a candidate would make no mistake. His name would still the voice of the nation. He would carry every doubtful State and would make some Republican States doubtful. Euthanasia would take the place of apathy and would grow and still grow, as the leaves were growing, until the dreary November was made ripe and glorious by the paeans of Democratic victory. [Loud cheers.]

The nomination of Bayard was seconded by Hooker, of Mississippi.

MCDONALD NAMED.

HE IS PROPOSED BY HENDRICKS OF INDIANA.

When the State of Indiana was called Mr. Hendricks of that State came to the platform amid loud applause. He said that the people demanded a change in the management of official affairs, and that, if the Convention would give them that opportunity, they (the people) would execute the purpose in the election of a President. He believed that the nominee of this Convention would become the chosen President of the United States, the first inaugurated Democratic President in 24 years. [Cheers.] He spoke of the official corruption of the Republican party and referred to Secretary Chandler's recent testimony before a Senate committee, in which he said that the detachments in one of his bureaus would not exceed \$63,000, and yet four years ago an administration had gone down because of a defalcation of \$60,000, and the only one. No matter where the Democratic candidate for the Presidency lived, Indiana had always been found true, but that fact should not come in judgment against her. They should not say from election to election and from Convention to Convention that they need not trouble about Indiana, as her vote was sure, but that they must take care, he would say, by the way of illustration, of New York. [Laughter and applause.] Mr. McDonald was a man of good judgement and of high character. And his name was presented by a great State. He therefore presented that name and all he asked was justice.

General Black, of Illinois, seconded the nomination of McDonald. They would present, he said, a platform which would appeal to the sober judgment of the people. They also needed more than whose antecedents, known of all men constituted a satisfactory answer to all reasonable objections. They needed a man whose views on all public questions could be found without a search-warrant and determined without an inquisition. Mr. McDonald was such a man. He had favored the monetization of silver and the saving of the Pacific Coast from coolie servile labor. A wise legislator, a true financier and a brave statesman; his record glittered with the stars of truth and all might see its glory. Every star in it was a Democratic star and all its glories were those of the people. [Cheers.]

CALIFORNIA'S VOICE.

IT DECLARIES ITSELF FOR ALLAN G. THURMAN, OF OHIO.

John W. Breckenridge, of California, introduced by the Chairman as the son of the last Democratic Vice-President, next came to the platform and said that the delegates from California had been instructed to present for the consideration of the Convention a man who

needed no eulogy, whose name was in the hearts of the whole American people, a man who, if nominated, would be the next President of the United States. That was Allan G. Thurman, of Ohio. For more than twenty years Mr. Thurman had been the boldest and ablest advocate of Democratic doctrines and Democratic principles. The only objection urged against him was that Ohio was an October State. The reply to that was that this was not a State Convention but a National Convention.

The nomination of Mr. Thurman was endorsed by General Durbin Ward, of Ohio. He declared that Ohio would be the battle-ground of the Presidential election. The Democracy could win without it, but if the Democracy carry Ohio in October, the battle would be easily won. They wanted an Ajax, with helmet and spear, to thunder along the line and deal death-giving blows to the foe. Allan G. Thurman was that Ajax. In intellect, in courage, in adherence to constitutional law, in defense of the rights of the masses, in defiance of the power of monopolies, in defiance of the corruptions of the age, Mr. Thurman had no peer except Mr. Tilden. [Applause.] The Democrats had carried the State of Ohio in the last two annual elections, and with Thurman as the Presidential candidate it would carry it again next October. He was no callous politician, but was the colossal figure in the Democratic party. [Applause.]

It was observable that a part of the Ohio delegations refused to participate in the applause that greeted the name of Thurman.

THE BLUE GRASS FAVORITE.

KENTUCKY PRESENTS THE NAME OF SPEAKER CARLISLE.

James A. McKenzie, of Kentucky, next came to the platform, and, in the name of a State which, he said, would give 50,000 majority to the Democratic nominees, nominated the present distinguished Speaker of the American House of Commons, John G. Carlisle. In all the essential characteristics of manliness, courage, ability and patriotism, Mr. Carlisle was the peer of any great name that had been or would be mentioned in connection with that office. No name carried with it more of a talismanic charm or more of the respect of the American people than his. He was a man that would not be in for small or selfish things. He was a man to whom dishonor was unknown. He was one made up of greatness, who had a victorious birthright in his name alone. It might be urged that he came from the wrong side of the Ohio river, but if the statute of limitation was ever to run that plea ought to begin now. [Cheers.] He contrasted Carlisle and Blaine—the first as being a man on whom even God had seemed to set his seal, the other as leprosy with accusation, and covered and tattooed all over. When the forces of Oliver Cromwell were lying on their arms, awaiting battle, they frequently engaged in angry disputations concerning matters of fact, but when the order to charge came down, and the word came from Ironsides that Prince Rupert was in front, they forgot their differences and had no thought but of victory until success crowned the arms of the protector. So when the Chairman of the Convention would shortly give the order for the Democratic hosts to charge all along the line, they would, laying aside all differences, discussions, bickerings and strife, charge the Republican party front and rear. If they had John G. Carlisle at the head of the column they would win such a victory as was won by the Puritan forces of Cromwell at Marston Moor. [Cheers.]

BUTLER AND CLEVELAND.

THE FORMER'S NOMINATION PASSED—THE LATTER NAMED AMID ENTHUSIASM.

When the State of Massachusetts was called, their action was watched with much curiosity. Cheers and hisses were about equally balanced, but it was announced by Mr. Abbott that Massachusetts had no nomination to make at that time.

When the State of New York was called, there was a good deal of cheering and waving of hats and handkerchiefs on the part principally of the spectators in the galleries.

At 3:35, Mr. Lockwood, of New York, came up to the platform to put in nomination Mr. Cleveland. He said that the responsibility which he felt was made greater when he remembered that the richest hours of American history had been made up from the records of the Democratic administration. He remembered that the outrage of 1876 was still unanswered. No man had greater respect than himself for the honored names presented to the Convention, but the world was moving and new men who had been but little in politics were coming to the front. Three years ago he had the honor, in the city of Buffalo, to present the name of the same gentleman for the office of Mayor. Without hesitation the name of Governor Cleveland had been accepted as the candidate (applause from the galleries and from portions of the delegates). The result of that election was the holding of that office, was that in less than nine months the State of New York found itself in a position to want such a condition, and when in the Convention of 1882 his name was presented for the office of Governor of the State of New York, the same class of people knew that it meant an honest Government, that it meant a pure Government, that it meant a Democratic Government, and it was satisfied. [Applause.] Now the Democratic State of New York come and ask that that name be given to the Independent and Democratic voters of the country, the young men of the country, the new blood of the country—the name of Grover Cleveland. [Cheers.]

The nomination of Mr. Cleveland was seconded by Garrison, of Illinois.

SACRAMENTO AND BOCA BEER DEPOT

In the Steele and Becker building, COMMERCIAL ROW, RENO, NEVADA

Beer Sold by the Case, Kegs, Bottles or Glass.

Sandwiches Prepared with Cheese, Limberger, Caviar, Sardines, etc.

I also have several FINE FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET by the day, week or month. Free Lunch daily. Beer delivered free of charge.

J. BECKER, Proprietor

In old Concord town, on Lexington street—and that means the road which picks out its own willful way to Lexington—stands an old-fashioned, two-story house. The large, ample yard in front gives it a look of dignity and importance as if saying to all the world: "Other houses may be so common that you can step into them directly from the street, but this is unusual, and you have all the long path between gateway and front door to think over the fact that you are coming to something unique." It is the Emerson homestead.

An addition to the stately in the old House of Representatives at Washington has recently been made. It is the gift of Pennsylvania, and represents Peter Muhlenberg, the "fighting parson" of the Revolution. As a work of art it is better than the average statue in the collection, which is not saying much. Considering that it is the work of a young woman—Miss Blanche Nevin, of Philadelphia—it is in many ways remarkable, and gives promise of far better things from her hand in the future.

Some of the Democrats of Carson think there are not one hundred men in that party in Nevada who naturally favor Stephen J. Field for the Presidency.—Carson Index 9th.

In old Concord town, on Lexington street—and that means the road which picks out its own willful way to Lexington—stands an old-fashioned, two-story house. The large, ample yard in front gives it a look of dignity and importance as if saying to all the world: "Other houses may be so common that you can step into them directly from the street, but this is unusual, and you have all the long path between gateway and front door to think over the fact that you are coming to something unique." It is the Emerson homestead.

An addition to the stately in the old House of Representatives at Washington has recently been made. It is the gift of Pennsylvania, and represents Peter Muhlenberg, the "fighting parson" of the Revolution. As a work of art it is better than the average statue in the collection, which is not saying much. Considering that it is the work of a young woman—Miss Blanche Nevin, of Philadelphia—it is in many ways remarkable, and gives promise of far better things from her hand in the future.

"Hutto, Tex., Sept. 28, 1862.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, will dilute it and expel it from your system. For constitutional or scrofulous CATARRH, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

"Hutto, Tex., Sept. 28, 1862.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

SCROFULA. SCROFULA, Ayer's SARASAPARILLA, the cure innumerable cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL.

12 1/2 CENTS PER WEEK.

FRIDAY..... JULY 11, 1884.

POSTOFFICE HOURS.

The following rules have been adopted for the regulation of business connected with the Reno postoffice:

Office hours from 8 to 12 o'clock A. M. and 1 to 3 P. M.

Money order department will be open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

Sunday hours from 8:30 to 10:30 o'clock.

ORLANDO EVANS, P. M.

RENO, May 1, 1884.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

BREVITIES.

L. S. Greenlaw, of Carson, is in town. "Dusy" came down from the Comstock yesterday.

The surplus' of the First National Bank is now \$25,000.

E. R. Smith and B. F. Bacon were down from Verdi yesterday.

E. B. Rail came up from the Bay yesterday on his way to Carson.

M. Ayers, of the Farmer and Dealer, Oakland, was in town yesterday.

W. N. Knox, the insurance man, returned yesterday from a trip to Montrose.

District Attorney Crosswell, of Lander, was a passenger for the Bay last evening.

This is the time of year when the people have occasion to curse the cottonwood trees.

The boys have concluded to wait until next month for their moonlight excursion to Steamboat.

W. E. Van De Mark, the manufacturer and wholesale dealer in brooms and brushes, San Francisco, was in Reno yesterday.

Ah Sup, a native of the Flowery Kingdom, confessed to the crime of selling whisky to Indians yesterday, and was sent up for thirty days.

J. H. Corliss, who has been at work on his mine in Peavine for the past three months, has resumed his old position of bookkeeper for A. J. Clark.

Mrs. T. M. Byrne, a daughter of A. B. Williams, who has been in Reno for the past six weeks for her health, will leave for her home in Valejo Saturday evening.

Mr. Gloster will probably remain in town until after the result of the Chicago Convention is known and may take on a little more political enthusiasm.

Allen Bragg and John F. Myers left for Long Valley yesterday morning. Myers goes on a hunting expedition and will make the Bragg ranch his headquarters.

S. C. Kimball and Granville Dodge, who left Reno last Fall for California, are located at Santa Cruz, and are both doing well. Both have concluded to locate permanently.

The work of manufacturing cement water pipe for L. W. Lee is about completed. The main line will be about 3,000 feet long. Workmen will commence laying the pipe next week.

The jury called yesterday to try the case of the boys who were arrested for disturbing the tent meetings, returned a verdict of guilty. The Justice will pass sentence at 10 o'clock to-day.

The carpenters have completed shingling the north half side of the Court house roof and are now at work on the other side. They were pushing things yesterday to escape a threatened storm.

Charley Williams, familiarly known among his Reno friends as "Beecher," who has been in Honolulu for the past fifteen months, returned home yesterday morning on a visit to his parents.

Gallatin & Folsom received from Chicago yesterday a car-load of Michigan hardwood lumber, much of it being a fine quality of hickory. The stock includes spokes, felloes, rims, hubs, etc. They also received a car-load of lime from California.

Dr. J. K. Julian, of Nappanee, Indiana, a brother of Tom V., of ours, who has been making a tour through Oregon and Washington Territory, was on the East-bound train yesterday morning en route home. He was not pleased with the great Northwest.

Dr. J. J. Moore went to Wadsworth yesterday morning to remain a few days. The doctor has received a box of ore by express from his mine in Plumas, which, judging from the amount of free gold in sight, must be worth \$20 a pound. He says the vein is six feet wide.

The Loyalton Mail Route.

D. M. Gloster yesterday received a letter from Senator Jones informing him that the request of the citizens of Sierra Valley or a daily mail service had been granted by the Postal Department, service to commence August 1st.

This will to some extent benefit Reno merchants by establishing daily communications with a large number of their patrons in that valley.

OUT OF POLITICS.

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Interview the Democratic Chieftain of Sierra Valley.

D. M. Gloster, the political oracle of the great northwest, is in town. He was in one of his happiest moods yesterday when met by a JOURNAL reporter, but declared his determination not to be interviewed; but, noticing an ominous purple tint under the left optic of the great farmer and the dilapidated nasal organ, the reporter ventured to enquire the cause.

"That is at least four hundred times, more or less, that I have been called upon to answer that question since I left Sierra Valley, and it begins to look as though the people are more interested in that nose than they are in the Chicago Convention. The marks upon that nose were obtained while in the pursuit of honest industry, but if I should tell you the truth, and all about it, the chances are I would pick up the next issue of the JOURNAL and find that it was the result of an animated discussion in a Democratic caucus."

"What do you think of the political situation in Chicago?"

"I don't know much about it and care less. In some respects the delegates remind me of school boys organizing a country lyceum; they mean well but are afraid to talk loud for fear they might say something, but I told you before, I am out of politics and, therefore, my opinion don't count. If you want a steam plow, a threshing machine, reaper, hay rake, a load of barley, butter or anything of that kind I can accommodate you, but if it is politics you are after go to J. L. McFarlin, Tom Hymers and others that are always posted."

"How would Butler suit you?"

"Oh, he'll do if they can't get a better man. I have made up my mind that the country is safe however the thing goes, and as I never try to do but one thing at a time I propose to attend strictly to business and let you fellows run politics. Now take a cigar and get out."

The Wool Market.

The Chicago Wool Journal of July 1 says: The general outlook for the wool market is anything but flattering. Eastern markets are much depressed. One broker told us to-day he had never seen it so hard to get orders; he had several times of late interested his customers in large lines of wool suited for their use, but in many cases before he had closed the trades here his orders had been withdrawn by wire, they being able to do better East. Another said there are so few buyers in the East now prepared to buy for cash that they are offered wool so much below what they thought it was worth, and below the prices they were willing to pay, that it had completely unsettled them, and they did not know what to do, and so generally decided to do nothing but wait for prices and markets to become settled.

More Red Sunsets.

From Los Angeles come reports of a renewal of red skies before sunrise and after sunset. In many parts of the State a peculiar orange yellow covers the entire eastern hemisphere an hour before sunrise, being especially bright along the horizon. This disappears at sunrise. Dr. Gibbons, of San Francisco, speaking of this matter at the last meeting of the Academy of Sciences thought the whole upper heavens had been charged with vapor far above our atmosphere for six months past, and this may explain some of the extraordinary and unusual variations of the barometer lately noted.

Another Nevada Singer.

The Battle Mountain Messenger says: The Central Pacific Railroad Company's townsitite agent, D. H. Haskell, accompanied by his daughter, Raymunda, departed by the overland express last Friday for the State of Maine, the home of his nativity. Mr. Haskell goes for the purpose of visiting his mother, now ninety-one years of age, and placing his daughter, who has a superior taste and talent for music, in a first-class music school. Miss Haskell was born in Nevada, and we may look for a Miss "Raymunda Nevada" to rival Miss "Eunice Nevada," now of European fame.

A Watch Presentation.

The Carson Appeal of Tuesday morning says: At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon George W. Bryant, the retiring master and refiner of the Mint, was presented with a gold watch inscribed: "Presented to George W. Bryant by the employees of the Melter and Refiners' Department of the Mint." Frank Kennedy made a happy presentation speech, which was responded to by opening a basket of champagne. The reply was well received.

The Circus Coming.

Cole's great circus and menagerie is now exhibiting along the Northern Pacific and Oregon Short Lines, and the papers say it is a good show. It will be along here about the middle of August, on its way to California.

SIMONDS' EXTRACT OF TROPICAL FRUIT.

Next Saturday, in all probability, an administrator will be appointed in the Lake estate, and about the first official act he will have to perform after filing his bond will be to acknowledge service of the papers in a suit against the estate for \$91,000. M. N. Stone, attorney for Mr. Thompson, has a suit of that kind prepared, and the papers will be served as soon as the administrator is appointed. This suit is understood to be in the nature of an action in replevin, to compel the return of certain securities alleged to have been wrongfully appropriated by Lake at the time of the failure of the bank. The complaint is a voluminous document and sets forth specifically each item alleged to have been wrongfully appropriated. The prayer is for the return of these securities, or for judgment against the estate for the amount specified.

PROSPECTING.

A good deal of prospecting is being done to the west of Mount Davidson, among the hills down toward Washoe Lake. The Enterprise says the country down that way is full of quartz veins, few of which have been explored to any great depth. There is also everywhere much float quartz, some of which is doubtless from veins that have not yet been discovered, they being what are called "blind leads," being covered with surface soil and debris.

Piano at \$275.

Brookins has a brand new piano, three strings in treble, list price \$450, for which he will sell at \$275, with cover stool and book. Piano fully warranted.

BANK.

Paymaster Mills was here last evening paying the V. & T. employes.

R. H. Lindsay returned from Winnemucca last evening.

YOUNG MEN! READ THIS.

The Voltaic Belt Co., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. feb. 21-swf-lyr

NEVADA CASH STONE—Has just received immense bargains in gent's white and colored cheviot, percale, cassimere, and flannel shirts; colored and white socks and other underwear; neckties and scarfs. Also a number of dress-goods and fancy articles. Call and price them. S. ENNISON, Manager.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Or Reno, Nevada.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....\$75,000
Surplus \$20,000.
D. A. BENDERPresident
G. W. MAPESVice President
C. T. BENDERCashier
Directors:
G. W. Mapes, D. A. Bender, Allen A. Cartis, C. T. Bender, A. H. Manning.

J. HALL,
Dealer in
DRIED AND GREEN FRUITS
OF EVERY VARIETY,
And everything usually kept in a first-class
family grocery.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

J. HALL,
Commercial Row, Reno Nevada.

THE LAKE HOUSE.

THIS EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS UNDER
gone a thorough renovating.

New Furniture has taken the place
of the old.

Every Attention is Paid to Guests.

THE TABLE is loaded with all the delicacies
as well as substances. Terms reasonable.

C. M. McCULLYMONDS, Proprietor.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight, alum or phosphate powders. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NOV. 1, 1883.

THE READING PUBLIC.

EVERY FARMER, MINER AND MERCHANT

In the State of Nevada should have the

WEEKLY

RENAVA STATE JOURNAL

FURNISHED AT

KENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA.

THE LARGEST WEEKLY PAPER IN THE STATE.

Contains FORTY Columns of Reading Matter once a week for twelve months.

Subscription invariably in Advance.

THE

Weekly Nevada State Journal

IS A

JOURNAL FOR THE PEOPLE:

Impartial in Tone, and Essentially a Family and Business Paper.

THE Publisher trusts it will reflect in a modest way, and, as far as its patronage will warrant, some of the best features of modern journalism. It works for the true interests of the busy State and Town in which it is located—seeks the moral, intellectual and industrial welfare of its people, and hopes to honestly inform and interestingly amuse its readers.

Address all orders.

C. C. POWNING,
RENO, WASHOE CO., NEV.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Or Reno, Nevada.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....\$75,000

Surplus \$20,000.

D. A. BENDERPresident

G. W. MAPESVice President

C. T. BENDERCashier

Directors:

G. W. Mapes, D. A. Bender, Allen A. Cartis

C. T. Bender, A. H. Manning.

J. HALL,

Dealer in

DRIED AND GREEN FRUITS

OF EVERY VARIETY,

And everything usually kept in a first-class

family grocery.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

J. HALL,

Commercial Row, Reno Nevada.

THE LAKE HOUSE.

THIS EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS UNDER

gone a thorough renovating.

New Furniture has taken the place

of the old.

Every Attention is Paid to Guests.

THE TABLE is loaded with all the delicacies

as well as substances. Terms reasonable.

C. M. McCULLYMONDS, Proprietor.

JOHN SUNDERLAND'S ADVERTISEMENT.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIV'D

—A FINE ASSORTMENT OF—

Gents', Ladies', Misses', & Children's

BOOTS

SHOES

FRENCH TIES, OPERA BOOTS,

—AND ALL THE LATEST STYLES—

FOR THE SUMMER OF '84.

My Summer stock is complete. Prices lower than ever.

A fine assortment of

John B. Stetson & Co.'s Fine Hats

ALWAYS ON HAND IN ALL GRADES AND LATEST STYLES.

Boots and Shoes Made to Order. Repairing Neatly Done

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Adopted by the National Republican Convention at Chicago.

The Republicans of the United States, in national convention assembled, renew their allegiance to the principles upon which they have triumphed in six successive Presidential elections and congratulate the American people on the attainment of so many results in legislation and administration, by which the Republican party has, after saving the Union, done so much to render its institutions just, equal and beneficent, the safeguard of liberty and the embodiment of the best thought and highest purposes of our citizens. The Republican party has gained its strength by a quick and faithful response to the demands of the people for freedom and equality of all men for a united nation, assuring the rights of all citizens, for the elevation of labor, for an honest currency, for purity in legislation and for integrity and accountability in all the departments of the Government, and it accepts anew the duty of leading in the work of progress and reform.

We lament the death of President Garfield, whose sound statesmanship, long conspicuous in Congress, gave promise of a strong and successful administration, a promise fully realized during the short period of his office as President of the United States. His distinguished success in war and peace has endeared him to the hearts of the American people. In the administration of President Arthur we recognize a wise, conservative and patriotic policy, under which the country has been blessed with remarkable prosperity. We believe his eminent services are entitled to and will receive the hearty approval of every citizen.

It is the first duty of a good Government to protect the rights and promote the interests of its own people. The largest diversity of industry is most productive of general prosperity and the comfort and independence of the people, the taxpayers, without injuring the laborer or the great productive interests of the country.

We recognize the importance of sheep husbandry in the United States, the serious depression which it is now experiencing, and the danger threatening its future prosperity, and we therefore respect the demands of the representatives of this important agricultural interest for the readjustment of the duty upon foreign wool, in order that such industry shall have full and adequate protection. We therefore demand that the imposition of duties on foreign imports shall be made not for revenue only, but that in raising the requisite revenue for the Government such duties shall be so levied as to afford security to our diversified industries and protection to the rights and wages of the laborer, to the end that active and intelligent labor, as well as capital may have its just reward, and the laboring man his full share in the national prosperity.

Against the so-called economic system of the Democratic party, which would degrade our labor to the foreign standard, we enter our earnest protest. The Democratic party has failed completely to relieve the people of the burden of unnecessary taxation by a wise reduction of the surplus. The Republican party pledges itself to correct the irregularities of the tariff and reduce the surplus, not by the vicious and indiscriminate process of horizontal reduction, but by such methods as will relieve the taxpayer without injuring the laborer or the great productive interests of the country. The Republican party favors a policy which shall keep us from entangling alliances with foreign nations and which gives us the right to expect that foreign nations shall refrain from meddling in American affairs. The policy which seeks peace can trade with all Powers, but especially with those of the Western Hemisphere.

We demand the restoration of our navy to its old-time strength and efficiency, that it may in any sea protect the rights of American citizens and the interests of American commerce, and we call upon Congress to remove the burdens under which American shipping has been depressed, so that it may again be true that we have a commerce.

It is the duty of Congress to enact such laws as shall promptly and effectually suppress the system of polygamy within our Territories, and divorce the political from the ecclesiastical power of the so-called Mormon Church, and that the laws so enacted should be rigidly enforced by the civil authorities, if possible, and by the military, if need be.

The people of the United States, in their organized capacity, constitute a nation and not a mere confederacy of States. The National Government is supreme within the sphere of its national duty, but the States have reserved rights which should be faithfully maintained.

We have always recommended the best money known to the civilized world, and we urge that efforts should be made to unite all the commercial nations in the establishment of an international standard, which shall fix for all the relative value of gold and silver coinage.

The regulations of commerce with foreign nations and between the States is one of the most important prerogatives of the general Government, and the Republican party distinctly announces its purpose to support such legislation as will fully and efficiently carry out the constitutional power of Congress over interstate commerce.

The principle of the public regulation of railroad corporations is a wise and salutary one for the protection of all classes of the people, and we favor legislation that shall prevent unjust discrimination and excessive charges for transportation, and that shall secure to the people and the railways alike the fair and equal protection of the laws.

We favor the establishment of a national bureau of labor, the enforcement of the eight-hour law, and a wise and judicious system of general education by adequate appropriations from the national revenue where the same is needed.

We believe that everywhere the protection accorded to citizens of American birth must be secured to citizens by American adoption, and we favor the

settlement of national differences by international arbitration.

The Republican party, having its birth in a hatred of slave labor and a desire that all men may be truly free and equal, is unalterably opposed to placing our workingmen in competition with any form of servile labor, whether at home or abroad. In this spirit we denounce the importation of contract labor, whether from Europe or Asia, as an offense against the spirit of American institutions, and we pledge ourselves to sustain the present law restricting Chinese immigration and to provide such further legislation as is necessary to carry out its purposes.

The reform of the civil service auspiciously begun under Republican administration should be completed by the further extension of the reform system already established by law to all grades of the service to which it is applicable. The spirit and purpose of the reform should be observed in all executive appointments and all laws at variance with the object of existing reform legislation should be repealed, to the end that the dangers to free institutions which lurk in the power of official patronage may be wisely and effectively avoided.

The public lands are a heritage of the people of the United States and should be reserved, as far as possible, for small holdings by actual settlers. We are opposed to the acquisition of large tracts of these lands by corporations or individuals, especially where such holdings are in the hands of non-resident aliens, and we will endeavor to obtain such legislation as will tend to correct this evil. We demand of Congress the speedy forfeiture of all land grants which have lapsed by reason of non-compliance with the acts of incorporation, in all cases where there has been no attempt in good faith to perform the conditions of such grants.

The perpetuity of our institutions rests upon the maintaining of a free ballot, honest count and correct returns. We denounce the fraud and violence practiced by the Democratic party in the Southern States, by which the will of the voter is defeated, as dangerous to the preservation of our free institutions, and we solemnly arraign the Democratic party as being the guilty recipient of the fruits of such fraud and violence. We extend to the Republicans of the South, regardless of their former party affiliations, our cordial sympathy, and pledge to them our most earnest efforts to promote the passage of such legislation as will secure to every citizen of whatever race and color the full and complete recognition, possession and exercise of his civil and political rights.

Appointments by the President to offices in the Territories should be made from bona fide citizens and residents of the Territories wherein they are to serve.

The grateful thanks of the American people are due to the Union soldiers and sailors of the late war, and the Republican party stands pledged to provide suitable pension for all who were disabled and for the widows and orphans of those who died in the war. The Republican party also pledges itself to the repeal of the limitation contained in the Arrearage of Pensions Act of 1879, so that all invalid soldiers shall share alike and their pensions begin within the date of disability or discharge and not with the date of the application.

Against the so-called economic system of the Democratic party, which would degrade our labor to the foreign standard, we enter our earnest protest. The Democratic party has failed completely to relieve the people of the burden of unnecessary taxation by a wise reduction of the surplus. The Republican party pledges itself to correct the irregularities of the tariff and reduce the surplus, not by the vicious and indiscriminate process of horizontal reduction, but by such methods as will relieve the taxpayer without injuring the laborer or the great productive interests of the country. The Republican party favors a policy which shall keep us from entangling alliances with foreign nations and which gives us the right to expect that foreign nations shall refrain from meddling in American affairs. The policy which seeks peace can trade with all Powers, but especially with those of the Western Hemisphere.

We demand the restoration of our navy to its old-time strength and efficiency, that it may in any sea protect the rights of American citizens and the interests of American commerce, and we call upon Congress to remove the burdens under which American shipping has been depressed, so that it may again be true that we have a commerce.

It is the duty of Congress to enact such laws as shall promptly and effectually suppress the system of polygamy within our Territories, and divorce the political from the ecclesiastical power of the so-called Mormon Church, and that the laws so enacted should be rigidly enforced by the civil authorities, if possible, and by the military, if need be.

The people of the United States, in their organized capacity, constitute a nation and not a mere confederacy of States. The National Government is supreme within the sphere of its national duty, but the States have reserved rights which should be faithfully maintained.

We have always recommended the best money known to the civilized world, and we urge that efforts should be made to unite all the commercial nations in the establishment of an international standard, which shall fix for all the relative value of gold and silver coinage.

The regulations of commerce with foreign nations and between the States is one of the most important prerogatives of the general Government, and the Republican party distinctly announces its purpose to support such legislation as will fully and efficiently carry out the constitutional power of Congress over interstate commerce.

The principle of the public regulation of railroad corporations is a wise and salutary one for the protection of all classes of the people, and we favor legislation that shall prevent unjust discrimination and excessive charges for transportation, and that shall secure to the people and the railways alike the fair and equal protection of the laws.

We favor the establishment of a national bureau of labor, the enforcement of the eight-hour law, and a wise and judicious system of general education by adequate appropriations from the national revenue where the same is needed.

We believe that everywhere the protection accorded to citizens of American birth must be secured to citizens by American adoption, and we favor the

TIME TABLE:

V. & T. R. R.

TIME TABLE.

MAIN LINE

TAKING EFFECT

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16.

Trains From Virginia to Carson and Reno.

| STATIONS. | San Francisco Express. | Local Passenger | Local Passenger |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Virginia..... | Departs 3:00 p. m. | Departs 8:00 A. M. | Departs 3:30 P. M. |
| Gold Hill..... | Departs 3:11 p. m. | Departs 8:10 A. M. | Departs 3:42 P. M. |
| Mound House..... | Arrives 3:40 P. M. | Arrives 8:40 A. M. | Arrives 4:15 P. M. |
| Carson..... | Departs 3:47 P. M. | Departs 8:50 A. M. | Departs 4:20 P. M. |
| Reno..... | Arrives 4:20 P. M. | Arrives 9:30 A. M. | Arrives 5:06 P. M. |
| | Departs 4:30 P. M. | Departs 10:00 A. M. | Departs 5:30 P. M. |
| | Arrives 4:45 P. M. | Arrives 12:00 P. M. | Arrives 6:16 P. M. |

Trains From Reno to Carson and Virginia.

| STATIONS. | San Francisco Express. | Local Passenger | Local Passenger |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Reno..... | 7:10 A. M. | 8:50 A. M. | 9:00 P. M. |
| Carson..... | Arrives 8:25 A. M. | Arrives 10:55 A. M. | Arrives 4:15 P. M. |
| | Departs 8:35 A. M. | Departs 11:30 A. M. | Departs 5:15 P. M. |
| Mound House..... | Arrives 9:05 A. M. | Arrives 12:10 P. M. | Arrives 5:55 P. M. |
| | Departs 9:15 A. M. | Departs 12:30 P. M. | Departs 6:00 P. M. |
| Gold Hill..... | Arrives 9:45 A. M. | Arrives 1:05 P. M. | Arrives 6:45 P. M. |
| Virginia..... | Arrives 10:00 A. M. | Arrives 1:15 P. M. | Arrives 7:00 P. M. |

H. M. YERINGTON,
General Superintendent.

D. A. BENDER,
General Freight and Passenger Agent.

CARSON & COLORADO R. R.

TIME TABLE

TAKING EFFECT

MONDAY, APRIL 14, '84.

| STATIONS. | Bodie and Bishop Creek Express. | San Francisco and Virginia Express. |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Mound House..... | 8:30 A. M. | 8:30 P. M. |
| Dayton..... | 9:50 " | 2:45 " |
| Elton..... | " | " |
| Port Churchill..... | " | " |
| Washout..... | 11:55 " | 12:30 " |
| Waubuska..... | 12:16 " | 12:15 " |
| Cleaver..... | " | " |
| | " | " |
| Two Vists..... | 1:55 " | 10:47 A. M. |
| Scharz..... | 8:40 " | 8:55 " |
| Gawthorne..... | 4:00 " | 8:30 " |
| Stansfeld..... | " | " |
| Kunkard..... | " | " |
| Guling..... | 6:15 " | 7:10 " |
| New Boston..... | " | 6:25 " |
| Soda Springs..... | 6:20 " | 6:05 " |
| Rhodes..... | 7:25 " | 5:05 " |
| Belleview..... | " | " |
| Junction..... | 7:35 " | 4:55 " |
| Gondolier..... | 8:00 " | 4:20 " |
| Section 15..... | " | " |
| Basalt..... | " | " |
| Summit..... | " | " |
| Queen..... | " | " |
| Benton..... | 12:15 A. M. | 12:15 " |
| Hamill..... | " | P. M. |
| section 21..... | 2:00 " | 6:30 " |
| Bishop Creek..... | " | " |

Passenger trains are run daily and make close connection at Mound House with trains of Virginia and Truckee Railroad for Virginia City, Bodie and Virginia and Central Pacific Railroad at Reno, via the Virginia and Truckee Railroad, for all points East and West.

H. M. YERINGTON,
General Sup't.

R. J. LAWS,
Assistant Sup't.

D. A. BENDER,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

RELMER & CO.: MILL & LUMBER CO.

(Successors to C. A. Bragg & Co.)
Panning Mill and Box Factory.
DEALERS IN—

Redwood and Oregon Lumber, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moul'ags, Brackets, Laths, Planks, Pine and Redwood Shingles and Shakes, Fencing and Fence Posts, Stove Wood and Glass.

ORDERS FOR BOXES,
AND ALL KINDS OF MILL WO

Promptly attended to. Office—Third street, opposite C. P. R. I. Branch yard, corner Third and Ralston streets, Western Addition; telephone connection.

WM. HENRY,
Manager.

The regulations of commerce with foreign nations and between the States is one of the most important prerogatives of the general Government, and the Republican party distinctly announces its purpose to support such legislation as will fully and efficiently carry out the constitutional power of Congress over interstate commerce.

The principle of the public regulation of railroad corporations is a wise and salutary one for the protection of all classes of the people, and we favor legislation that shall prevent unjust discrimination and excessive charges for transportation, and that shall secure to the people and the railways alike the fair and equal protection of the laws.

We favor the establishment of a national bureau of labor, the enforcement of the eight-hour law, and a wise and judicious system of general education by adequate appropriations from the national revenue where the same is needed.

We believe that everywhere the protection accorded to citizens of American birth must be secured to citizens by American adoption, and we favor the

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAILY AND WEEKLY

NEVADA STATE

JOURNAL.

POWDER, ETC.

THE CALIFORNIA

POWDER WORKS,

230 CALIFORNIA STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Manufacture and have constantly on hand

SPORTING.

MINING,

and BLASTING

POWDER

DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Of superior quality, fresh from the mills. It is